

URINARY CATHETER RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL

Patient	Mer	ntal Capacity	Catheter problems
Male (1)	Confusion / Dementia (10)		History of * Frank haematuria (30)
Female (2)	Cognitively impaired (5)		History of slight haematuria (5)
Independent (1)	Learning disabilities (3)		History of UTI/CAUTI (10)
Lives at home has carer (2)	Anxious (2)		Painful / difficult changes (10)
Lives at home with full care (3)	No mental capacity issues (0)		History of bypassing (3)
Residential / nursing home (5)			History of frequent blockage (3)
Health	Bowels		History of expelling catheter (3)
MRSA + (30)	Faecal Incontinence (5)		
Infections in other parts of body (20)	Loose stools (3)		* seek medical advice – not suitable for community change
Heart defect/Artificial heart valve (10)	Constipated (3)		
Renal Insufficiency (10)	Regular (0)		
Diabetic (10)			
Immuno-suppressed (10)	Prostate/Bladder problems		Self Care
Chronic wounds (10)	Bladder cancer / prostate cancer (30)		Poor Hand hygiene (5)
Taking warfarin / aspirin (5)	Post bladder / Prostate surgery (30)		Poor Personal hygiene (5)
Taking steroids (5)	Known prostate enlargement (3)		Poor fluid intake (5)
Long term condition (5)	Bladder pain (3)		Swallowing difficulties (3)
Latex allergy / sensitivity (5)			No self care issues (0)
Immobile (5) Walks short distances (3)	Add up scores	Add up scores Total score Management: 0-25 Low Management: No referral required, manage in care setting unless problematic	
Catheterised in hospital (5)			
Recent hospital admission (5)	26-49 Medium	•	setting – Contact Continence Urology and see (CUCS) for advice.
Poor Dexterity (3)		Colorectal Servic	ce (COCO) for advice.
Poor Sensation (3) Visual problems (3)	50+ High	Refer to CUCS	
			ice (CUCS), Halton Clinic, Primrose Lane, Leeds, Fax 0113 8555108 Info.cucs@nhs.net

